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ARTHRAXON CASTRATUS (POACEAE: ANDROPOGONEAE) NEW TO THE NEW WORLD¹—Recent collections from Puerto Rico showed that the known distributional range of *Arthraxon castratus* (Griff.) Narayan ex Bor has been extended to the New World. The population was collected in PUERTO RICO: Utado, on banks near Castaner at 400 m altitude, 25 Feb 1981, *Liogier & Liogier 31714* (TAES).

This is the first reported collection of *A. castratus* in the New World. In a monograph of the genus *Arthraxon* Van Welzen (1981) reported the distribution of the species to be India, Ceylon, southern South Vietnam and Java. Therefore, this is a several thousand km extension of the known distribution. The peculiar, disjunct distribution is possibly due to its rare occurrence or occurrence in areas with seasonal drought (Van Welzen, 1981).

Arthraxon castratus is an annual grass, up to 55 (-120) cm tall, with an inflorescence of 1–5 branches each 1–7 cm long. Only sessile spikelets are present, with a pedicel of the associated pedicellate spikelet. Except for margins of the second glume, both glumes are chitinous, the first glume with acute-bristle pointed spicules. Lemma of the upper floret is entire

¹ This is Technical Bulletin No. T.A. 17421, Texas Agricultural Experiment Station.

SIDA 9(3): 266. 1982.

with long pilose margins and a subbasal awn 6–10 mm long. Palea of upper floret is 1–2 mm long.

The species, A. hispidus (Thunb.) Makino, synonymous with A. quartinianus (A. Rich.) Nash, is considered introduced into the New World. Several regional floras document the presence of this species including Pohl (1980), Gould (1979), Chase (1951), Hitchcock (1935, 1936), and Nash (1912). Van Welzen (1981) in a generic revision reported New World Arthaxon to be limited to A. hispidus.

The New World species can be distinguished by the following key:

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A NEW LOCATION FOR *PORTULACA AMILIS* (PORTULACACEAE) IN THE UNITED STATES.—Judd and Wunderlin (1981) recently published the first account of *Portulaca amilis* Speg. in the United States. The species is widely distributed in South America and occurs in Florida, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina according to Judd and Wunderlin. These authors cite a list of representative specimens from Florida all of which are found in the central or northern part of the state.

I've recently collected *Portulaca amilis* in southern Florida about 145 miles south of Polk County (Broward Co: Pompano Beach, S30, T48S, R43E, ca 0.5 mi E of US Highway 1 and 0.25 mi N of 14th Street Causeway in Caliban Boat and Trailer Park, 15 May 1980, *Bennett 391*, FAU). Polk County was the southern most location cited by Judd and Wunderlin (1981). Several individuals were found in a disturbed field, on well-drained sand, in Pompano Beach, Florida. Two other species of *Portulaca*, *P. pilosa* and

SIDA 9(3): 267. 1982.